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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK **COUNTY OF KINGS** Date Index No. Purchased: STEVEN ROMANO, Index No.: Plaintiff, -against-Plaintiff designates Kings County as the place of trial. THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN and ST. DOMINIC CATHOLIC CHURCH, The basis of venue is Defendant's residence. Defendants. **SUMMONS** X

The Above-Named Defendants:

YOU ARE HEREBY SUMMONED to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer, or, if the complaint is not served with this summons, to serve a notice of appearance, on the Plaintiff's Attorney(s) within twenty (20) days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service (or within thirty (30) days after the service is complete if this summons is not personally delivered to you within the State of New York); and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated: New York, New York October 21, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20th Floor New York, New York 10022

(212) 922-0906

-and-

Gary Certain, Esq.

CERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

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New York, New York 10022

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TO:

THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN 310 Prospect Park West Brooklyn, NY 11215

ST. DOMINIC CATHOLIC CHURCH 2001 Bay Ridge Parkway Brooklyn, NY 11204 FILED: KINGS COUNTY CLERK 10/21/2019 05:28 PM

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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW YO COUNTY OF KINGS	PRK
	X
	Date Filed:
STEVEN ROMANO,	Index No.:
Plaintiff,	VERIFIED COMPLAINT
-against-	
THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN and	
ST. DOMINIC CATHOLIC CHURCH,	
Defendant(s).	
	X

Plaintiff, Steven Romano ("Plaintiff"), by his attorneys Slater Slater Schulman LLP and Certain & Zilberg, PLLC, brings this action against the Diocese of Brooklyn ("Diocese") and St. Dominic ("Church") and alleges on personal knowledge as to himself and on information and belief as to all other matters as follows:

### **JURISIDICTION AND VENUE**

- This action is brought pursuant to the Children Victims Act ("CVA") (L. 2019 c.
   See CPLR § 214-g and 22 NYCRR 202.72.
- 2. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Diocese pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Diocese either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.
- 3. This Court has personal jurisdiction over the Church pursuant to CPLR §§ 301 and 302, in that the Church either resides in New York or conducts or, at relevant times conducted, activities in New York that give rise to the claims asserted herein.

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4. This Court has jurisdiction over this action because the amount of damages Plaintiff seeks exceeds the jurisdictional limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction.

5. Venue for this action is proper in the County of Kings pursuant to CPLR § 503 in that one or more defendants reside in this County, and a substantial part of the events or omissions giving rise to the claims asserted herein occurred here.

## **PARTIES**

- Whenever reference is made to any defendant entity, such reference includes that 6. entity, its parent companies, subsidiaries, affiliates, predecessors, and successors. In addition, whenever reference is made to any act, deed, or transaction of any entity, the allegation means that the entity engaged in the act, deed, or transaction by or through its officers, directors, agents employees, or representatives while they were actively engaged in the management, direction, control, or transaction of the entity's business affairs.
- 7. Plaintiff is an individual residing in Kings County, New York. Plaintiff was an infant at the time of the sexual abuse alleged herein.
- 8. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Diocese was and continues to be a non-profit religious corporation, organized exclusively for charitable, religious, and educational purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- 9. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Diocese was and remains authorized to conduct business under the laws of the State of New York.
- 10. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Diocese's principal place of business is 310 Prospect Park West, Brooklyn, NY 11215.
- 11. The Diocese oversees a variety of liturgical, sacramental, educational and faith formation programs.

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12. The Diocese has various programs that seek out the participation of children in its activities.

- The Diocese, through its agents, servants, and/or employees has control over those 13. activities involving children.
- 14. The Diocese has the power to employ individuals working with and/or alongside children, providing said children with guidance and/or instruction under the auspices of the defendant Diocese, including but not limited to those at the Church.
- At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church was and continues to 15. be a religious New York State non-profit entity.
- 16. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church maintained its principal place of business at 2001 Bay Ridge Parkway, Brooklyn, NY 11204.
- 17. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating under the control of the Diocese.
- At all times material to the Verified Complaint, the Church is a parish operating for 18. the benefit of the Diocese.
- 19. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Father Frederick Strianese ("Father Strianese") was an agent, servant, and/or employee of the Church.
- 20. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, Father Strianese was an agent, servant, and/or employee of the Diocese.
- 21. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or employee of the Church, Father Strianese remained under the control and supervision of the Diocese.

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22. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Church, Father Strianese remained under the control and supervision of the

Church.

23. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Father Strianese remained under the control and supervision of the

Diocese.

24. At all times material to the Verified Complaint, while an agent, servant and/or

employee of the Diocese, Father Strianese remained under the control and supervision of the

Church.

25. The Church placed Father Strianese in positions where he had immediate access to

children.

26. The Diocese placed Father Strianese in positions where he had immediate access

to children.

THE CATHOLIC CHURCH'S LONG HISTORY
OF COVERING UP CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE

27. In 1962, the Vatican in Rome issued a Papal Instruction binding upon all Bishops

throughout the world including the Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction was binding upon the

Bishop of the Diocese. The instruction directed that allegations and reports of sexual abuse of

children by priests were required to be kept secret and not disclosed either to civil authorities such

as law enforcement, to co-employees or supervisors of parish priests, or to parishioners generally.

28. Canon law requires Bishops to keep *subsecreto* files also known as confidential

files. These files are not to be made public.

29. Because of problems of sexual misconduct of Catholic clergy, the Catholic Church

and other organizations sponsored treatment centers for priests that had been involved in sexual

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misconduct, including centers in Albuquerque, New Mexico, Suitland, Maryland, Downington

Pennsylvania, and Ontario, Canada.

30. Sexual abuse of members of the public by Catholic clergy and agents of the Church

has been a reality in the Catholic Church for centuries but has remained concealed by a pattern and

practice of secrecy. This secrecy is rooted in the official policies of the Catholic Church which

are applicable to all dioceses and in fact are part of the practices of each diocese, including the

Diocese. Sexual abuse of minors by Catholic clergy and religious leaders became publicly known

in the mid 1980's as a result of media coverage of a case in Lafayette, Louisiana. Since that time,

the media has continued to expose cases of clergy sexual abuse throughout the United States. In

spite of these revelations as well as the many criminal and civil legal actions the Church has been

involved in as a result of sexual abuse of minors by clergy and other agents of the Church, the

bishops and other Church leaders continued to pursue a policy of secrecy.

31. All of the procedures required in the so-called "Dallas Charter" to purportedly

protect children have been previously mandated in the Code of Canon Law but were consistently

ignored by Catholic bishops. In place of the required processes, which would have kept a written

record of cases of clergy sexual abuse, the bishops applied a policy of clandestine transfer of

accused priests from one local or diocesan assignment to another or from one diocese to another.

The receiving parishioners and often the receiving pastors were not informed of any accusations

of sexual abuse of minors.

32. The truth concerning the extent of the frequency of sexual abuse at the hands of

Catholic priests, other clergy and agents of the Church and Catholic Church's pervasive campaign

to cover up such crimes continues to be revealed. In 2018, the State of Pennsylvania released a

grand jury report releasing the name of over 300 "predator priests" in Pennsylvania alone who

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committed acts of sexual abuse on more than a thousand children, while also noting that there were "likely thousands more victims whose records were lost or who were too afraid to come forward." The report's opening remarks bear repeating here:

> We, the members of this grand jury, need you to hear this. We know some of you have heard some of it before. There have been other reports about child sex abuse within the Catholic Church. But never on this scale. For many of us, those earlier stories happened someplace else, someplace away. Now we know the truth: it happened everywhere.

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Most of the victims were boys; but there were girls too. Some were teens; many were prepubescent. Some were manipulated with alcohol or pornography. Some were made to masturbate their assailants or were groped by them. Some were raped orally, some vaginally, some anally. But all of them were brushed aside, in every part of the state, by church leaders who preferred to protect the abusers and their institution above all.

- 33. The 2018 grand jury report found numerous, pervasive strategies employed by the Catholic Church which the report referred to collectively as a "playbook for concealing the truth." These measures include but are not limited to the following:
  - Make sure to use euphemisms rather than real words to describe the sexual assaults in diocese documents. Never say "rape"; say "inappropriate contact" or "boundary issues."
  - Don't conduct genuine investigations with properly trained personnel. Instead, assign fellow clergy members to ask inadequate questions and then make credibility determinations about the colleagues with whom they live and work.
  - For an appearance of integrity, send priests for "evaluation" at church-run psychiatric treatment centers. Allow these experts to "diagnose" whether the priest was a pedophile, based largely on the priest's "self-reports" and regardless of whether the priest had actually engaged in sexual contact with a child.
  - When a priest does have to be removed, don't say why. Tell his parishioners that he is on "sick leave," or suffering from "nervous exhaustion." Or say nothing at all.

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assaults.

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Even if a priest is raping children, keep providing him housing and living expenses, although he may be using these resources to facilitate more sexual

- If a predator's conduct becomes known to the community, don't remove him from the priesthood to ensure that no more children will be victimized. Instead, transfer him to a new location where no one will know he is a child abuser.
- Finally, and above all, don't tell the police. Child sexual abuse, even short of actual penetration, is and has for all relevant times been a crime. But don't treat it that way; handle it like a personnel matter, "in house."
- Refusal to disclose sexually abusing clerics to parishioners and even fellow clerics 34. has been one way utilized by Defendant to maintain secrecy. Another has been to use various forms of persuasion on victims or their families to convince them to remain silent about incidents of abuse. These forms of persuasion have included methods that have ranged from sympathetic attempts to gain silence to direct intimidation to various kinds of threats. In so doing the clergy involved, from bishops to priests, have relied on their power to overwhelm victims and their families.
- 35. The sexual abuse of children and the Catholic Church's abhorrent culture of concealing these crimes are at the heart of the allegations complained of herein.
- 36. The Child Victims Act was enacted for the explicit purpose of providing survivors of child sexual abuse with the recourse to bring a private right of action against the sexual predators who abused them and the institutions that concealed their crimes.

#### **FACTS**

37. Plaintiff was raised in a devout Roman Catholic family and, in or around 1972, when Plaintiff was approximately eleven (11) years old, Plaintiff was attending the Church, a church within and under the auspices of the Diocese.

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38. At all relevant times, Plaintiff participated in youth activities and church activities at the Church.

- 39. The Plaintiff received educational and religious instruction from the Church.
- 40. Father Strianese, under the auspices of the Church and Diocese, provided educational and religious instruction to the infant Plaintiff.
- During and through these activities, Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was 41. dependent on the Church and Father Strianese.
- During and through these activities, the Church had custody of Plaintiff and 42. accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- 43. During and through these activities, the Church had assumed the responsibility of caring for Plaintiff and had authority over him.
- During and through these educational and religious instructional activities, 44. Plaintiff, as a minor and vulnerable child, was dependent on the Diocese and Father Strianese.
- 45. During and through these activities, the Diocese had custody of Plaintiff and accepted the entrustment of Plaintiff.
- 46. During and through these activities, the Diocese had responsibility of Plaintiff and authority over him.
- 47. Through Father Strianese's positions at, within, or for the Church, Father Strianese was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Father Strianese, who used his position of authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.
- 48. Through Father Strianese's positions at, within, or for the Diocese, Father Strianese was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, a member of the Church. It was under these circumstances

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that Plaintiff came to be under the direction, contact, and control of Father Strianese, who used his

position of authority and trust over Plaintiff to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

49. On repeated occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Father Strianese, while acting

as a priest, counselor, teacher, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or volunteer

of the Church, sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with Plaintiff in

violation of the laws of the State of New York, including the New York State Penal Law.

50. On repeated occasions, while Plaintiff was a minor, Father Strianese, while acting

as a priest, counselor, teacher, trustee, director, officer, employee, agent, servant and/or volunteer

of the Diocese, sexually assaulted, sexually abused and/or had sexual contact with Plaintiff in

violation of the laws of the State of New York, including the New York State Penal Law.

51. The abuse occurred from approximately in or about 1973 to in or about 1975.

52. Plaintiff's relationship to the Church, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and

participant in Church educational and religious instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff

was subject to the Church's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church

over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Father Strianese's sexual abuse of him.

Plaintiff's relationship to the Diocese, as a vulnerable minor, parishioner and 53.

participant in Church educational and religious instructional activities, was one in which Plaintiff

was subject to the Diocese's ongoing influence. The dominating culture of the Catholic Church

over Plaintiff pressured Plaintiff not to report Father Strianese's sexual abuse of him.

54. At no time did the Diocese ever send an official, a member of the clergy, an

investigator or any employee or independent contractor to the Church to advise or provide any

form of notice to the parishioners either verbally or in writing that there were credible allegations

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against Father Strianese and to request that anyone who saw, suspected or suffered sexual abuse to come forward and file a report with the police department. Rather, the Diocese remained silent.

At all times material hereto, Father Strianese was under the direct supervision, 55.

employ and/or control of the Church.

At all times material hereto, Father Strianese was under the direct supervision, 56.

employ and/or control of the Diocese.

57. The Church knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Father Strianese

who sexually abused Plaintiff.

58. The Diocese knew and/or reasonably should have known, and/or knowingly

condoned, and/or covered up, the inappropriate and unlawful sexual activities of Father Strianese

who sexually abused Plaintiff.

The Church negligently or recklessly believed that Father Strianese was fit to work 59.

with children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Father Strianese

would not sexually molest children; and that Father Strianese would not injure children.

60. The Diocese negligently or recklessly believed that Father Strianese was fit to work

with children and/or that any previous problems he had were fixed and cured; that Father Strianese

would not sexually molest children; and that Father Strianese would not injure children.

The Church had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests serving at the 61.

Church, and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile such as Father Strianese, by assigning,

maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to minors.

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62. The Diocese had the responsibility to supervise and/or direct priests serving at the

Church, and specifically, had a duty not to aid a pedophile such as Father Strianese, by assigning,

maintaining and/or appointing him to a position with access to minors.

By holding Father Strianese out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking 63.

the custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Church entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Church

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Church held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

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64. By holding Father Strianese out as safe to work with children, and by undertaking

the custody, supervision of, and/or care of the minor Plaintiff, the Diocese entered into a fiduciary

relationship with the minor Plaintiff. As a result of Plaintiff's being a minor, and by the Diocese

undertaking the care and guidance of the vulnerable minor Plaintiff, the Diocese held a position of

empowerment over Plaintiff.

65. The Church, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for

children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented

the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The Church thus entered into a

fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

The Diocese, by holding itself out as being able to provide a safe environment for 66.

children, solicited and/or accepted this position of empowerment. This empowerment prevented

the then minor Plaintiff from effectively protecting himself. The Diocese thus entered into a

fiduciary relationship with Plaintiff.

The Church had a special relationship with Plaintiff. 67.

68. The Diocese had a special relationship with Plaintiff.

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69. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because the Church had

superior knowledge about the risk that Father Strianese posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in

general in its programs, and/or the risks that its facilities posed to minor children.

70. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because the Diocese had

superior knowledge about the risk that Father Strianese posed to Plaintiff, the risk of abuse in

general in its programs, and/or the risks that its facilities posed to minor children.

71. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Father Strianese out as

safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Father Strianese, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit

children.

72. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty of reasonable care because it solicited youth and

parents for participation in its youth programs; encouraged youth and parents to have the youth

participate in its programs; undertook custody of minor children, including Plaintiff; promoted its

facilities and programs as being safe for children; held its agents including Father Strianese out as

safe to work with children; encouraged parents and children to spend time with its agents; and/or

encouraged its agents, including Father Strianese, to spend time with, interact with, and recruit

children.

The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the 73.

Church's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.

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74. The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from harm because the

Diocese's actions created a foreseeable risk of harm to Plaintiff.

75. The Church's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have

sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the

policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make

sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to

adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the Church, geographical confines, failure to protect children in its programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

people as safe, failure to train its employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by

fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

76. The Diocese's breach of its duties include, but are not limited to: failure to have

sufficient policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to properly implement the

policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse, failure to take reasonable measures to make

sure that the policies and procedures to prevent child sexual abuse were working, failure to

adequately inform families and children or the risks of child sexual abuse, failure to investigate

risks of child sexual abuse, failure to properly train the workers at institutions and programs within

the Diocese, geographical confines, failure to protect children in its programs from child sexual

abuse, failure to adhere to the applicable standard of care for child safety, failure to investigate the

amount and type of information necessary to represent the institutions, programs, leaders and

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people as safe, failure to train its employees properly to identify signs of child molestation by fellow employees, failure by relying on mental health professionals, and/or failure by relying on

people who claimed that they could treat child molesters.

77. The Church also breached its duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Father Strianese posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by

clerics.

78. The Church also failed to warn Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family about any of the

knowledge that it had about child sexual abuse.

79. The Diocese also breached its duties to Plaintiff by failing to warn Plaintiff and

Plaintiff's family of the risk that Father Strianese posed and the risks of child sexual abuse by

clerics.

80. The Diocese also failed to warn Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family about any of the

knowledge that it had about child sexual abuse.

The Church also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected 81.

abuse of children by Father Strianese and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

82. The Diocese also violated a legal duty by failing to report known and/or suspected

abuse of children by Father Strianese and/or its other agents to the police and law enforcement.

By employing Father Strianese at the Church, and other facilities within the 83.

Diocese, the Diocese, through its agents, affirmatively represented to minor children and their

families that Father Strianese did not pose a threat to children, did not have a history of molesting

children, that the Diocese did not know that Father Strianese had a history of molesting children,

and that the Diocese did not know that Father Strianese was a danger to children.

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84. By employing Father Strianese at the Church, the Church through its agents,

affirmatively represented to minor children and their families that Father Strianese did not pose a

threat to children, did not have a history of molesting children, that the Church did not know that

Father Strianese had a history of molesting children, and that the Church did not know that Father

Strianese was a danger to children.

85. The Church induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these representations,

and they did rely on them.

86. The Diocese has never publicly admitted the veracity of the allegations against

Father Strianese, warned the public and/or conducted outreach to potential victims of his sexual

abuse. The pattern and practice of intentionally failing to disclose the identities and locations of

sexually inappropriate and/or abusive clerics has been practiced by the Diocese for decades and

continues through current day. The failure to disclose the identities of allegedly sexually

inappropriate and/or abusive clerics is unreasonable and knowingly or recklessly creates or

maintains a condition which endangers the safety or health of a considerable number of members

of the public, including Plaintiff.

87. By allowing Father Strianese to remain in active ministry, the Diocese, through its

agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their

families, including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Father Strianese does not pose a threat to

children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the Diocese does not know that Father

Strianese has a history of molesting children and that the Diocese does not know that Father

Strianese is a danger to children.

88. The Diocese induced Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family to rely on these

representations, and they did rely on them.

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89. By allowing Father Strianese to remain in active ministry, the Church, through its

agents, has made and continues to make affirmative representations to minor children and their

families, including Plaintiff and Plaintiff's family, that Father Strianese does not pose a threat to

children, does not have a history of molesting children, that the Church does not know that Father

Strianese has a history of molesting children and that the Church does not know that Father

Strianese is a danger to children.

90. The Diocese ignored credible complaints about the sexually abusive behaviors of

priests.

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91. The Diocese failed to act on obvious warning signs of sexual abuse, including

instances where it was aware that priests had children in its private rooms in the rectory overnight,

that priests were drinking alcohol with underage children and exposing them to pornography.

92. Even where a priest disclosed sexually abusive behavior with children, Diocese

officials failed to act to remove him from ministry.

93. The Diocese engaged in conduct that resulted in the prevention, hinderance and

delay in the discovery of criminal conduct by priests.

94. The Diocese conceived and agreed to a plan using deception and intimidation to

prevent victims from seeking legal solutions to their problems.

95. As a result of Defendants' conduct described herein, Plaintiff has and will continue

to suffer personal physical and psychological injuries, including but not limited to great pain of

mind and body, severe and permanent emotional distress, physical manifestations of emotional

distress, problems sleeping, concentrating, low self-confidence, low self-respect, low self-esteem,

feeling of worthlessness, feeling shameful, and embarrassed, feeling alone and isolated, losing

faith in God, losing faith in authority figures, feeling estranged from the church, struggling with

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alcohol and substance problems, struggling with gainful employment and career advancement,

feeling helpless, and hopeless, problems with sexual intimacy, relationship problems, trust issues,

feeling confused and angry, depression, anxiety, feeling dirty, used, and damaged, suicidal

ideations, having traumatic flashbacks, feeling that his childhood and innocence was stolen.

Plaintiff was prevented and will continue to be prevented from performing Plaintiff's normal daily

activities; has incurred and will continue to incur expenses for medical and psychological

treatment, therapy, and counseling; and, on information and belief, has incurred and will continue

to incur loss of income and/or loss of earning capacity. As a victim of Defendants' misconduct,

Plaintiff is unable at this time to fully describe all the details of that abuse and the extent of the

harm Plaintiff suffered as a result.

96. The Church violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

97. The Diocese violated various New York statutes, including, but not limited to N.Y.

Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, which require, inter alia, school officials, teachers, day care center

workers, providers of family or group family day care, and any other child care worker to report

suspected cases of child abuse and impose liability for failure to report.

The injuries and damages suffered by Plaintiff are specific in kind to Plaintiff, 98.

special, peculiar, and above and beyond those injuries and damages suffered by the public.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENCE

99. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

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100. The Church knew or was negligent in not knowing that Father Strianese posed a threat of sexual abuse to children.

- The Diocese knew or was negligent in not knowing that Father Strianese posed a 101. threat of sexual abuse to children.
- 102. The acts of Father Strianese described hereinabove were undertaken, and/or enabled by, and/or during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with the Church.
- The acts of Father Strianese described hereinabove were undertaken, and/or 103. enabled by, and/or during the course, and/or within the scope of his employment, appointment, and/or agency with the Diocese.
- 104. The Church owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Father Strianese's sexual deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Father Strianese's misconduct.
- The Diocese owed Plaintiff a duty to protect Plaintiff from Father Strianese's sexual 105. deviancy, both prior to and/or subsequent to Father Strianese's misconduct.
- 106. The Church's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- The Diocese's willful, wanton, grossly negligent and/or negligent act(s) of 107. commission and/or omission, resulted directly and/or proximately in the damages set forth herein at length.
- At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Father 108. Strianese was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.

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109. At all times material hereto, with regard to the allegations contained herein, Father

Strianese was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Diocese.

110. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, grossly negligent and outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.

111. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, grossly negligent and outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of Plaintiff.

112. As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries

and damages described herein.

113. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT HIRING, RETENTION, SUPERVISION, AND/OR DIRECTION

114. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

115. The Church hired Father Strianese.

116. The Diocese hired Father Strianese.

117. The Church hired Father Strianese for a position that required him to work closely

with, mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.

118. Diocese hired Father Strianese for a position that required him to work closely with,

mentor, and counsel young boys and girls.

119. The Church was negligent in hiring Father Strianese because it knew or should have

known, through the exercise of reasonable care, of Father Strianese's propensity to develop

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inappropriate relationships with children in its charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd

and lascivious conduct with such children.

The Diocese was negligent in hiring Father Strianese because it knew or should 120.

have known, through the exercise of reasonable care, of Father Strianese's propensity to develop

inappropriate relationships with children in its charge and to engage in sexual behavior and lewd

and lascivious conduct with such children.

121. Father Strianese would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse

Plaintiff had he not been hired by the Church to mentor and counsel children in the Church.

122. Father Strianese continued to molest Plaintiff while at the Church.

Father Strianese would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse

Plaintiff had he not been hired by Diocese to mentor and counsel children in the Church.

124. The harm complained of herein was foreseeable.

Plaintiff would not have suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein but for 125.

the negligence of the Church in having placed Father Strianese, and/or allowed Father Strianese to

remain in his position.

Plaintiff would not have suffered the foreseeable harm complained of herein but for 126.

the negligence of the Diocese in having placed Father Strianese, and/or allowed Father Strianese

to remain in his position.

At all times while Father Strianese was employed or appointed by the Church, he 127.

was supervised by the Church and/or its agents and employees.

At all times while Father Strianese was employed or appointed by the Church, he 128.

was under the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Church and/or its agents and employees.

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At all times while Father Strianese was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he 129.

was supervised by the Diocese and/or its agents and employees.

At all times while Father Strianese was employed or appointed by the Diocese, he 130.

was under the direction of, and/or answerable to, the Diocese and/or its agents and employees.

131. The Church was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Father Strianese in

that it knew or should have known, through the exercise of ordinary care, that Father Strianese's

conduct would subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Father Strianese's

propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in

sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

132. The Church failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

133. The Diocese was negligent in its direction and/or supervision of Father Strianese in

that it knew, or should have known, through the exercise of ordinary care, that Father Strianese's

conduct would subject third parties to an unreasonable risk of harm, including Father Strianese's

propensity to develop inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in

sexual behavior and lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

134. The Diocese failed to take steps to prevent such conduct from occurring.

135. The Church was negligent in its retention of Father Strianese in that that it knew,

or should have known, through the exercise of reasonable care, of his propensity to develop

inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and

lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

The Church retained Father Strianese in his position as mentor and counselor to 136.

such children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

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or should have known, through the exercise of reasonable care, of his propensity to develop

The Diocese was negligent in its retention of Father Strianese in that that it knew,

inappropriate relationships with children under his charge and to engage in sexual behavior and

lewd and lascivious conduct with such children.

138. The Diocese retained Father Strianese in his position as mentor and counselor to

such children and thus left him in a position to continue such behavior.

139. The Church was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of

Father Strianese in that Father Strianese sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Church.

140. The Church failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring

on its premises.

137.

141. The Diocese was further negligent in its retention, supervision, and/or direction of

Father Strianese in that Father Strianese sexually molested Plaintiff on the premises of the Diocese.

The Diocese failed to take reasonable steps to prevent such events from occurring 142.

on its premises.

143. Father Strianese would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse

Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Church as a

mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Church, including Plaintiff.

144. Father Strianese would not and could not have been in a position to sexually abuse

Plaintiff had he not been negligently retained, supervised, and/or directed by the Diocese as a

mentor and counselor to the infant parishioners of the Diocese, including Plaintiff.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 145.

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

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THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF FIDUCIARY DUTY

146. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

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147. Through the position to which Father Strianese was assigned by the Church, Father

Strianese was placed in direct contact with Plaintiff.

148. Father Strianese was assigned as a priest at the Church, including as a teacher

assigned to teach Plaintiff.

It was under these circumstances that Plaintiff was entrusted to the care of the 149.

Church and - under its authority - came to be under the direction, control and dominance of, Father

Strianese.

150. As a result, Father Strianese used his position to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

151. Through the position to which Father Strianese was assigned by the Diocese, Father

Strianese was put in direct contact with Plaintiff, then a minor.

152. As a result, Father Strianese used his position to sexually abuse and harass Plaintiff.

There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between 153.

Plaintiff and the Church.

154. There existed a fiduciary relationship of trust, confidence, and reliance between

Plaintiff and the Diocese.

155. Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church was entrusted with the well-being,

care, and safety of Plaintiff.

Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese was entrusted with the well-

being, care, and safety of Plaintiff.

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Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Church assumed a duty to act in the best

interests of Plaintiff.

Pursuant to its fiduciary relationship, the Diocese assumed a duty to act in the best

interests of Plaintiff.

159. The Church breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.

160. The Diocese breached its fiduciary duties to Plaintiff.

161. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions and/or inactions were willful,

wanton, malicious, reckless, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and

safety of Plaintiff.

At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions and/or inactions were willful,

wanton, malicious, reckless, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and

safety of Plaintiff.

As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages 163.

described herein.

164. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF NON-DELEGABLE DUTY

Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above 165.

as if fully set forth herein.

166. Plaintiff, when a minor, was placed in the care of the Church for the purposes of,

inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.

167. As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the

Church.

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168. When Plaintiff was a minor, Plaintiff was placed in the care of the Diocese for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with a safe environment to receive an education.

- As a result, there existed a non-delegable duty of trust between Plaintiff and the 169. Diocese.
  - 170. Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Church.
  - 171. Plaintiff was a vulnerable child when placed within the care of the Diocese.
- Consequently, the Church was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse, and 172. to learn of Father Strianese's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- 173. Consequently, the Diocese was in the best position to prevent Plaintiff's abuse, and to learn of Father Strianese's repeated sexual abuse of Plaintiff and stop it.
- 174. By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted to the care of the Church, the Church breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.
- By virtue of the fact that Plaintiff was sexually abused as a minor student entrusted 175. to the care of the Diocese, the Diocese breached its non-delegable duty to Plaintiff.
- 176. At all times material hereto, Father Strianese was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Church.
- 177. At all times material hereto, Father Strianese was under the direct supervision, employ and/or control of the Diocese.
- 178. As a direct result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and damages described herein.
- By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

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FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF DUTY IN LOCO PARENTIS

180. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

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Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Church 181.

for the purpose of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

182. The Church owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable

harms and injuries.

183. As a result, the Church owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.

184. Plaintiff was a minor when his parents entrusted him to the control of the Diocese

for the purposes of, inter alia, providing Plaintiff with an education.

185. The Diocese owed a duty to adequately supervise its students to prevent foreseeable

injuries.

186. As a result, the Diocese owed a duty to Plaintiff in loco parentis.

187. The Church breached its duty in loco parentis.

188. The Diocese breached its duty in loco parentis.

189. At all times material hereto, the Church's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

190. At all times material hereto, the Diocese's actions were willful, wanton, malicious,

reckless, negligent, grossly negligent and/or outrageous in its disregard for the rights and safety of

Plaintiff.

191. As a direct result of the Church's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

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192. As a direct result of the Diocese's conduct, Plaintiff has suffered the injuries and

damages described herein.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 193.

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION: INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** 

194. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

195. At the time Father Strianese molested Plaintiff, which Father Strianese knew would

cause, or disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the

Church employed Father Strianese as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

It was part of Father Strianese's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's 196.

trust. Father Strianese used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his

character that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create

opportunities to violate Plaintiff.

At the time Father Strianese molested Plaintiff, which Father Strianese knew would

cause, or disregarded the substantial probability that it would cause, severe emotional distress, the

Diocese employed Father Strianese as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor.

It was part of Father Strianese's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's

trust. Father Strianese used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his

character that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create

opportunities to violate Plaintiff.

The Church knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Father 199.

Strianese's conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

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200. The Diocese knew and/or disregarded the substantial probability that Father

Strianese's conduct would cause severe emotional distress to Plaintiff.

201. Plaintiff suffered severe emotional distress, including psychological and emotional

injury as described above.

202. This distress was caused by Father Strianese's sexual abuse of Plaintiff.

203. The sexual abuse of Plaintiff was extreme and outrageous conduct, beyond all

possible bounds of decency, atrocious and intolerable in a civilized community.

204. The Church is liable for Father Strianese's conduct under the doctrine of respondeat

superior.

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205. The Diocese is liable for Father Strianese's conduct under the doctrine of

respondeat superior.

206. By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative,

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory and punitive damages, together with interest and costs.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION: NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF **EMOTIONAL DISTRESS** 

207. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Church, its predecessors and/or 208.

successors, agents, servants and/or employees, were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

As set forth at length herein, the actions of the Diocese, its predecessors and/or

successors, agents, servants and/or employees were conducted in a negligent and/or grossly

negligent manner.

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210. The Church's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his own safety.

The Diocese's actions endangered Plaintiff's safety and caused him to fear for his 211.

own safety.

212. As a direct and proximate result of the Church's actions, which included but were

not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and

damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

As a direct and proximate result of the Diocese's actions, which included but were

not limited to, negligent and/or grossly negligent conduct, Plaintiff suffered the severe injuries and

damages described herein, including but not limited to, mental and emotional distress.

214. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on

Plaintiff, the Church is also liable for Father Strianese's negligent infliction of emotional distress

under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

215. At the time Father Strianese breached his duty to Plaintiff, Father Strianese was

employed as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor by the Church.

It was part of Father Strianese's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's 216.

trust. Father Strianese used his position, and the representations made by the Church about his

character that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create

opportunities to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

217. In addition to its own direct liability for negligently inflicting emotional distress on

Plaintiff, the Diocese is also liable for Father Strianese's negligent infliction of emotional distress

under the doctrine of respondeat superior.

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At the time Father Strianese breached his duty to Plaintiff, Father Strianese was

employed as Plaintiff's mentor and counselor by the Diocese.

It was part of Father Strianese's job as role model and mentor to gain Plaintiff's 219.

trust. Father Strianese used his position, and the representations made by the Diocese about his

character that accompanied that position, to gain Plaintiff's trust and confidence and to create

opportunities to be alone with, and touch, Plaintiff.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 220.

are liable to Plaintiff for compensatory damages and punitive damages, together with interest and

costs.

EIGHTH CAUSE OF ACTION: BREACH OF STATUTORY DUTY TO REPORT ABUSE UNDER SOC. SERV. LAW §§ 413 and 420

221. Plaintiff repeats and realleges by reference each and every allegation set forth above

as if fully set forth herein.

222. Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Church, including but not

limited to its teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, had a statutorily imposed duty

to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in its care.

Pursuant to N.Y. Soc. Serv. Law §§ 413 and 420, the Diocese, including but not

limited to its teachers, administrators, and other school personnel, had a statutorily imposed duty

to report reasonable suspicion of abuse of children in its care.

224. The Church breached that duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Father Strianese of children in its care.

225. The Diocese breached that duty by knowingly and willfully failing to report

reasonable suspicion of abuse by Father Strianese of children in its care.

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As a direct and/or indirect result of said conduct, Plaintiff has suffered injuries and

damages described herein.

By reason of the foregoing, Defendants, jointly, severally and/or in the alternative, 227.

are liable to plaintiff for compensatory damages, and for punitive damages, together with interest

and costs.

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The limitations of liability set forth in Article 16 of the CPLR do not apply to the 228.

causes of action alleged herein.

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully requested that the Court grant judgment in this action in

favor of the Plaintiff, and against the Defendants, in a sum of money in excess of the jurisdictional

limits of all lower courts which would otherwise have jurisdiction, together with all applicable

interest, costs, disbursements, as well as punitive damages and such other, further and different

relief as the Court in its discretion shall deem to be just, proper and equitable.

Plaintiff further places Defendants on notice and reserves the right to interpose claims

sounding in Fraudulent Concealment, Deceptive Practices and/or Civil Conspiracy should the facts

and discovery materials support such claims.

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Dated: New York, New York October 21, 2019

Yours, etc.,

By: Adam P. Slater, Esq.

SLATER SLATER SCHULMAN LLP

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022 (212) 922-0906

-and-

By: Gary Certain, Esq.

ĆERTAIN & ZILBERG, PLLC

Counsel for Plaintiff

488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

(212) 687-7800

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ATTORNEY VERIFICATION

Adam P. Slater, an attorney duly admitted to practice law in the Courts of the State of

New York, hereby affirms the following statements to be true under the penalties of perjury,

pursuant to Rule 2106 of the CPLR:

Your affirmant is a partner of Slater Slater Schulman LLP, attorneys for the Plaintiff in

the within action;

That he has read the foregoing Verified Complaint and knows the contents thereof; that

the same is true to his own knowledge, except as to the matters therein stated to be alleged upon

information and belief, and that as to those matters he believes it to be true.

Affirmant further states that the source of his information and the grounds for his belief

are derived from interviews with the Plaintiff and from the file maintained in the normal course

of business.

Affirmant further states that the reason this verification is not made by the Plaintiff is that

the Plaintiff is not presently within the County of New York, which is the county wherein the

attorneys for the Plaintiff herein maintain their offices.

Dated: New York, New York October 21, 2019

Adam P. Slater, Esq.

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SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE NEW YORK COUNTY OF KINGS	
STEVEN ROMANO,	Index No.:
Plaintiff, - against -	
THE DIOCESE OF BROOKLYN and ST. DOMINIC CATHOLIC CHURCH,	
Defendants.	

# **SUMMONS & VERIFIED COMPLAINT**

Slater Slater Schulman LLP Attorneys For Plaintiff 488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

(212)922-0906

Certain & Zilberg, PLLC Attorneys For Plaintiff 488 Madison Avenue, 20<sup>th</sup> Floor New York, New York 10022

(212)687-7800

#### **CERTIFICATION**

Pursuant to 22 NYCRR §130-1.1-a, the undersigned, an attorney duly admitted to practice in the courts of the State of New York, certifies that, upon information and belief, and reasonable inquiry, the contentions contained in the annexed document are not frivolous as defined in subsection (c) of the aforesaid section.

Adam P. Slater, Esq.

Gary Certain, Esq